

Homework # 1

Due Date: September 20, Thursday.

1. Show that the function $\bar{f}(x)$ in the proof of Theorem 1.1.2 from the text is l_∞ -Lipschitz continuous with the constant L and its global optimal value is $-\epsilon$.
2. Show that the following functions belong to $\mathcal{F}^1(\mathbb{R})$:

- (a) $f(x) = e^x$;
- (b) $f(x) = |x|^p, p > 1$;
- (c) $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{1+|x|}$;
- (d) $f(x) = |x| - \ln(1 + |x|)$.

3. Show that for given $a_i \in \mathbb{R}^n, b_i \in \mathbb{R} (i = 1, \dots, m)$ the following functions belong to $\mathcal{F}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$:

- (a) $f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^m e^{a_i^T x + b_i}$;
- (b) $f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^m |a_i^T x - b_i|^p, p > 1$.

4. Prove theorem 2.1.6.

5. (defining the class of strongly convex functions) Consider a hypothetical class of functions \mathcal{F} satisfying the following assumptions:

- (a) For any $f \in \mathcal{F}$ there exists some constant $\mu > 0$ such that for any \bar{x} with $f'(\bar{x}) = 0$ and any $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ we have

$$f(x) \geq f(\bar{x}) + \frac{1}{2}\mu\|x - \bar{x}\|^2.$$

- (b) If $f_1, f_2 \in \mathcal{F}$ and $\alpha, \beta \geq 0$, then $\alpha f_1 + \beta f_2 \in \mathcal{F}$.
- (c) Any strictly convex quadratic function $f(x) = x^T A x + b^T x$, where Q is positive definite, belongs to \mathcal{F} .

Show that any function from class \mathcal{F} has the following property: there exists a constant $\mu > 0$ such that for any $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n$ we have

$$f(y) \geq f(x) + f'(x)^T(y - x) + \frac{1}{2}\mu\|y - x\|^2.$$